SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision: 31 July 2025

Version: 2

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Bathworks DIY Refinishing Kit - Liquid Primer

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid

Relevant identifies uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Industrial adhesive primer for refinishing applications.

Use of the substance/mixture: Paint related material.

Uses advised against : Not applicable.

Manufacturer : Tub Refinishing, Inc.

9150 Clarence Center Rd Clarence Center, NY 14032

Emergency telephone : 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

<u>number</u> 1-800-854-6813 (Poison Control Center) <u>Technical phone number</u> : 1-800-872-8827 (Tub Refinishing, Inc.)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200.)
: Flammable liquids - Category 2

Classification of the : Flammable liquids - Category 2 substance or mixture : Skin corrosion/irritation - Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation - Category 1

Skin sensitization - Category 1 Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure - Category 3, Narcosis

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure - Category 2

Acute toxicity, inhalation - Category 4

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary Statements

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 - If on skin: wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label.)

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulation.

Section 3. Ingredient composition

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Product name

: Bathworks DIY Refinishing Kit - Liquid Primer

INGREDIENT NAME	%WT	CAS Number
Toluene	78.452	108-88-3
Isopropanol	7.6	67-63-0
Proprietary	11.598	Proprietary
Xylene	1.46	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	0.89	100-41-4

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SUB Codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM, OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing

is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen

by trained personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognized skin cleanser. DO NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. DO NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May

cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache,

drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness, dryness,

cracking.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be

delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance

for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an

appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to

the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash

contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11.)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising

from the chemical

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

. Ose dry chemical, CO2, water spray (log) or loar

: Do not use water jet.

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of subsequent explosion. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: CARBON

MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, TOXIC GASES

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vaper or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel."

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air.)

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements, or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13.) Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8.) Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame, or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting, and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions

: Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store between the following temperatures: 4 to 29°C (40 to 85°F.) Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

INGREDIENT NAME	AGENCY	EXPOSURE LIMIT
Toluene Isopropanol Xylene	OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV	TWA 200 ppm; Ceiling 300 ppm, Peak 500 ppm (10 min) TWA 20 ppm (skin) TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m³) TWA 200 ppm; STEL 400 ppm TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m³)
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV	TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m³) TWA 100 ppm; STEL 150 ppm TWA 100 ppm (435 mg/m³) TWA 20 ppm

Key to abbreviations

Α	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	 Potential skin absorption
ACGIH	= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists	SR	= Respiratory sensitization
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	= Skin sensitization
F	= Fume	STEL	= Short term Exposure limit values
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	= Total dust
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and Health Administration	TLV	= Threshold Limit Value
R	= Respirable	TWA	= Time Weighted Average
Z	= OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous S	ubstances	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor, or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some case, fume scrubbers, filters, or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual Protection Measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, or using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection
Skin protection
Hand protection

: Safety glasses with side shields or chemical splash goggles.

Gloves Body protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

: butyl rubber, nitrile, neoprene.

Other skin protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots, and gloves.

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product, and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid Color : Clear

Odor : Characteristic
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : Not available.
Melting point : Not applicable.
Boiling point : No data available.

Flash point : 40°F Based on data available for ingredients.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Flammability : Not applicable.

Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Evaporation rate : Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : Not available.

Density (lbs/gal) : 7.38 lbs/gal

Solubility(ies) : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Viscosity : Not available. % Solid. (w/w) : Not available.

VOC content : 6.43 lbs/gal Based on data available for ingredients.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its

ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid : Avoid heat, open flames, sparks, static discharge, and other ignition sources.

Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Do not store in temperatures above

35°C (95°F.)

Incompatible materials : Keep away from the following materials: Strong oxidizing agents, acids, alkalis,

and amines.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and various hydrocarbons may be

released upon combustion or thermal decomposition.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

INGREDIENT NAME	REDIENT NAME RESULT SPE		DOSE	EXPOSURE
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	5320 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2600 mg/kg	-
Isopropanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	16000 ppm	8 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5045 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	5000 ppm 1700 mg/kg 4300 mg/kg	4 hours
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

INGREDIENT NAME	RESULT	SPECIES	SCORE	EXPOSURE	OBSERVATION
Xylene	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Toluene, Xylene, and Isopropanol can cause skin irritation.

Eyes : Isopropanol causes serious eye damage. **Respiratory** : Vapors may cause respiratory tract irritation.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Xylene may cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory : There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Classification

INGREDIENT NAME	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethylbenzene Xylene	-	2B 3	-

Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

INGREDIENT NAME	CATEGORY	ROUTE OF EXPOSURE	TARGET ORGANS
Toluene Isopropanol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects, respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects, respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

INGREDIENT NAME	CATEGORY	ROUTE OF EXPOSURE	TARGET ORGANS
Toluene Ethylbenzene	Category 2 Category 2	Inhalation Inhalation	Central nervous system, liver, kidneys Hearing organs

<u>Target organs</u>: Contains material which may cause damage to the central nervous system

(CNS,) liver, kidneys, and hearing organs. Repeated or prolonged exposure may

cause damage to blood, lungs, peripheral nervous system, and skin.

Aspiration hazard

II	NGREDIENT NAME	CATEGORY
	oluene Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled; CNS depression; may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : Irritating; may cause dryness or defatting.

Ingestion : May cause CNS depression; risk of aspiration into lungs.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Redness, tearing, blurred vision.

Inhalation : Headache, nausea, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness in high

concentrations.

Skin contact: Redness, dryness, cracking.

Ingestion : Nausea, vomiting, abdominal discomfort, aspiration into lungs may cause

chemical pneumonitis.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Exposure to vapors from the solvent components - particularly toluene, isopropanol, xylene, and ethylbenzene - at concentrations above occupational exposure limits may result in acute and chronic adverse health effects. Short term effects can include mucous membrane and respiratory tract irritation, headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscle weakness, drowsiness, and, in severe cases, loss of consciousness due to central nervous system depression. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause organ damage, especially to the central nervous system, liver, kidneys, and hearing organs. Toluene and ethylbenzene are suspected of causing reproductive toxicity and cancer, respectively. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin, contributing to systemic effects. Chronic inhalation of organic solvent vapors, particularly in combination with high noise exposure, may increase the risk of hearing loss. Direct contact with the liquid can defat the skin, leading to dryness, cracking, and dermatitis. If splashed in the eyes, the product can cause irritation and potentially irreversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and aspiration into the lungs, leading to chemical pneumonitis.

Short term exposure

Long term exposure

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential deleved effects

Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Potential immediate effects
Potential delayed effects

Potential immediate effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself. Inhalation may cause CNS

damage, liver/kidney toxicity, and hearing loss.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Prolonged or repeated contact with the skin can cause defatting, leading to

dryness, cracking, and dermatitis. Over time, this can result in chronic irritation.

Repeated exposure to solvents in this product, particularly toluene and

ethylbenzene, may cause damage to the CNS, liver, kidneys, and hearing organs. Chronic exposure through inhalation can also result in persistent respiratory

tract irritation.

Carcinogenicity : Contains ethylbenzene, which is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to

humans (Group 2B.) The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

INGREDIENT NAME	ORAL (mg/kg)	DERMAL (mg/kg)	INHALATION (GASES) (ppm)	INHALATION (VAPORS) (mg/l)	INHALATION (DUSTS & MISTS) (mg/l)
Toluene	2600	12000	N/A	5320 (ppm)	N/A
Isopropanol	5045	12800	N/A	16000 (ppm)	N/A
Proprietary Additive 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Proprietary Additive 2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1700	N/A	5000 (ppm)	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	4000 (ppm)	N/A

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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

INGREDIENT NAME	RESULT	SPECIES	EXPOSURE
Toluene Isopropanol Xylene Ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5.5 mg/L (Fresh water)	Fish	96 hours
	EC50 3.78 mg/L (Daphnia magna)	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 9640 mg/L (Fresh water)	Fathead minnow	96 hours
	LC50 8.2 mg/L (Fresh water)	Rainbow trout	96 hours
	LC50 4.2 mg/L (Fresh water)	Rainbow trout	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

INGREDIENT NAME	TEST	RESULT	DOSE	INOCULUM
Toluene Isopropanol Xylene Ethylbenzene	OECD 301 OECD 301 - -	>85% - Readily Readily Readily Readily		

Bioaccumulative potential

INGREDIENT NAME	LogPow	BCF	POTENTIAL	
Toluene Isopropanol Xylene Ethylbenzene	2.73 0.05 3.12 3.15	90 <1 7.4-18.5 79.43	Low Low Low Moderate	

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contactor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Wase packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liner may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld, or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

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Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class (es) Packing group Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances Product RQ (lbs) RQ substances	UN1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS 3 II No. Not applicable. Not applicable. (Toluene, Isopropanol)	UN1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS 3 II No. Not applicable. Not applicable. (Toluene, Isopropanol)	UN1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS 3 II No. Not applicable. Not applicable. (Toluene, Isopropanol)

Additional information

DOT : Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are

not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

IMDG : None identified. **IATA** : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that

are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what

to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not applicable.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

United States

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are active or exempted.

SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

Composition/information : No products were found.

on ingredients **SARA 311/312**

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(narcotic effects, respiratory irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

HNOC - Defatting irritant

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Section 15. Regulatory information

INGREDIENT NAME	%	CLASSIFICATION
Toluene	78.456-78.466	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects, respiratory irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 (CNS, hearing) TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant
Proprietary Additive 1	5-10	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Isopropanol	5-10	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Proprietary Additive 2	1-5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Xylene	1.293-1.616	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (Dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (Inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	0.566-1.192	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 ACUTE TOXICITY (Inhalation) - Category 4 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SARA 313

	Chemical name	CAS number	Concentration
Supplier notification	: Xylene	1330-20-7	1.923-1.616%
	Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.566-1.192%
	Toluene	108-88-3	78.456-78.466%

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

Please refer to Section 2 of this document for GHS hazard classifications.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

Date of previous issue : 9/28/2022 Organization that prepared : TRI

the SDS

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = Logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

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Product name Bathworks DIY Refinishing Kit - Liquid Primer

Section 16. Other information

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on current scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this document is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by Tub Refinishing, Inc., and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect to the product's properties. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or any misuse of the products.

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